Overview of DUC 2006 (DRAFT)

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Abstract

The DUC 2006 summarization task was to synthesize from a set of 25 documents a wellorganized, fluent answer to a complex question. The task and evaluation measures were basically the same as in DUC 2005, except that an additional "overall" responsiveness measure was added which took into account both content and readability of the summary. The average performance of systems in 2006 was noticeably better than in 2005; systems achieved better focus on average, and many attempted to provide greater coherence to their summaries. The overall responsiveness metric showed that readability plays an important role in the perceived quality of the summaries.

1 Introduction

The Document Understanding Conference (DUC) is a series of evaluations of automatic text summarization systems. It is organized by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) with the goal of furthering progress in automatic summarization and enabling researchers to participate in large-scale experiments.

In DUC 2001-2005 a growing number of research groups participated in the evaluation of generic and focused summaries of English newspaper and newswire data. Various target sizes were used (10-400 words) and both single-document summaries and summaries of multiple documents were evaluated (around 10 documents per set). Summaries were manually judged for both content and readability. Additionally, DUC began exploring automatic evaluation of content coverage using ROUGE (Lin, 2004) in 2004 and Basic Elements (BE) (Hovy et al., 2005) in 2005.

DUC 2005 (Dang, 2005) marked a major change in direction from previous years. DUC 2005 had a single

user-oriented, question-focused summarization task that allowed researchers to devote some resources to helping with the evaluation. Prior to 2005, to evaluate content, each peer (human or automatic) summary was compared against a single model (human) summary using SEE (http://www.isi.edu/ cyl/SEE/) to estimate the percentage of information in the model that was covered in the peer. SEE provided detailed feedback about which sentences contained overlapping information in the peer and model. However, since model summaries vary in content, the research community wanted an evaluation measure that would not depend on a single model summary.

NIST has since moved to a pseudo-extrinsic evaluation of content, called responsiveness, which does not attempt pairwise comparison of peers against a model summary but assigns a value from a 5-point scale to each summary based on its responsiveness to a specified topic. Responsiveness is only a coarse-grained measure of content, so in DUC 2005, researchers also participated in an optional manual Pyramid evaluation led by Columbia University (Passonneau et al., 2005). The Pyramid evaluation gives researchers detailed feedback about which information is contained in each of several model summaries, assigns different importance to each piece of information based on the number of model summaries it appears in, and says which information is also contained in the peer summaries.

DUC 2006 repeated the DUC 2005 task and evaluation. The system task modeled real-world complex question answering. Systems were to synthesize from a set of 25 documents a brief, well-organized, fluent answer to a need for information that could not be met by just stating a name, date, quantity, etc. Summaries were evaluated for both content and readability.

As in DUC 2005, NIST manually evaluated each summary for readability using a set of linguistic quality questions. Summary content was manually evaluated at NIST

using the pseudo-extrinsic measure of responsiveness. In 2006, two variants of responsiveness were measured: content responsiveness (based only on the amount of information in the summary that responded to the topic) and overall responsiveness (based on both content and readability). NIST also computed automatic ROUGE and BE scores as in 2005, and Columbia University again led the summarization research community in a voluntary Pyramid evaluation of summary content.

This paper describes the DUC 2006 task and the results of NIST's evaluations of summary content, readability, and overall quality.

2 Task and Data

The DUC 2006 task was a complex question-focused summarization task that required summarizers to piece together information from multiple documents to answer a question or set of questions as posed in a DUC topic.

NIST Assessors developed a total of 50 DUC topics to be used as test data. For each topic, the assessor selected 25 related documents from the *Associated Press, New York Times*, and *Xinhua* newswire and formulated a topic statement, which was a request for information that could be answered using the selected documents. The topic statement could be in the form of a question or set of related questions and could include background information that the assessor thought would help clarify his/her information need.

An example topic from DUC 2006 follows:

num: D0641E
title: global warming

narr: Describe theories concerning the causes and effects of global warming and arguments against these theories.

The summarization task was the same for both human and automatic summarizers: Given a topic and a set of documents relevant to the topic, the summarization task was to create from the documents a brief, well-organized, fluent summary that answers the need for information expressed in the topic. The summary could be no longer than 250 words (whitespace-delimited tokens). Summaries over the size limit were truncated, and no bonus was given for creating a shorter summary. No specific formatting other than linear was allowed.

Ten NIST assessors produced a total of 4 human summaries for each of 50 topics, and 34 participants submitted runs to be evaluated. NIST also developed a simple baseline system that returned all the leading sentences of the "TEXT" field of the most recent document for each topic, up to 250 words. The systems and their Run IDs are listed in table 1. In addition to the automatic peers, the 10 human peers were assigned alphabetic Run IDs, A-J.

3 Evaluation Results

Summaries were manually evaluated by 10 NIST assessors. All summaries for a given topic were judged by a single assessor (who was usually the same as the topic developer). In all cases, the assessor was one of the summarizers for the topics. Assessors first judged each summary for a topic for *readability*, assigning a separate score for each of 5 linguistic qualities; each summary for the topic was then judged for *content responsiveness*. After all summaries for all topics had been judged for readability and content responsiveness, assessors then judged each summary for *overall responsiveness*. The content responsiveness score provides a coarse manual measure of information coverage; overall responsiveness reflects a combination of readability and content.

Each of these manual evaluations was based on a fivepoint scale:

- 1. Very Poor
- 2. Poor
- 3. Barely Acceptable
- 4. Good
- 5. Very Good

Responsiveness and readability scores are ordinal data and should technically be analyzed with non-parametric statistical tests. However, parametric and non-parametric analyses yield similar results for these metrics, with the parametric tests finding slightly more statistically significant differences between peers. Since ROUGE and BE scores *are* suitable for parametric analysis, we uniformly perform an analysis of variance (ANOVA) for all metrics to determine if there is a statistically significant difference between peers according to the metric. We then performed a multiple comparison test between the scores of the peers using Tukey's honestly significant difference criterion, to determine which pairs of peers are significantly different at the 95% confidence level.

3.1 Evaluation of Readability

The readability of the summaries was assessed using five linguistic quality questions which measured qualities of the summary that *do not* involve comparison with a reference summary or DUC topic. The linguistic qualities measured were *Grammaticality*, *Non-redundancy*, *Referential clarity*, *Focus*, *and Structure and coherence*.

Q1: Grammaticality The summary should have no datelines, system-internal formatting, capitalization errors or obviously ungrammatical sentences (e.g., fragments, missing components) that make the text difficult to read.

Run ID	System ID	Organization				
1	Baseline	(NIST)				
2	OGI.OHSU06	Oregon Health & Science University				
3	IS_SUM	Chinese Academy of Sciences				
4	CLResearch.duc06	CL Research				
5	Columbia06	Columbia University				
6	FDUSUM	Fudan University				
7	ISI-Webcl	Information Sciences Institute (Zhou)				
8	JIKD	IDA CCS and University of Maryland Joint Institute for Knowledge Discovery				
9	MQ06	Macquarie University				
10	MSR	Microsoft Research				
11	NKTrust	NK Trust, Inc.				
12	OnModer	National University of Singapore				
13	SFU_v36	Simon Fraser University				
14	TUTNII	Toyohashi University of Technology				
15	CCS06	IDA Center for Computing Sciences				
16	UConnDG	University of Connecticut				
17	BCBB-DUC	National Central University				
18	UTwente06	University of Twente				
19	envQASUM	Universitat Politcnica de Catalunya				
20	ERSS06	University of Karlsruhe				
21	FSC-wm-pairs=.3	Fitchburg State College				
22	HKPolyU	Hong Kong Polytechnic University				
23	ICL_SUM	Peking University				
24	IIITH-Sum	International Institute of Information Technology				
25	IIRG-UCD-2006	University College Dublin				
26	ISI-BQFS	Information Sciences Institute (Daume)				
27	lcc.duc06	Language Computer Corporation				
28	LIA_THALES	University of Avignon				
29	MIRACL06	Larim Unit (MIRACL Laboratory)				
30	titech-uam	Tokyo Institute of Technology and Universidad Autonoma de Madrid				
31	TLR	Thomson Legal & Regulatory				
32	UMD_BBN	University of Maryland and BBN Technologies				
33	UMich	University of Michigan				
34	LAKE06	University of Salerno				
35	UofO	University of Ottawa				

Table 1: Participants and runs in DUC 2006.

Q2: Non-redundancy There should be no unnecessary repetition in the summary. Unnecessary repetition might take the form of whole sentences that are repeated, or repeated facts, or the repeated use of a noun or noun phrase (e.g., "Bill Clinton") when a pronoun ("he") would suffice.

Q3: Referential clarity It should be easy to identify who or what the pronouns and noun phrases in the summary are referring to. If a person or other entity is mentioned, it should be clear what their role in the story is. So, a reference would be unclear if an entity is referenced but its identity or relation to the story remains unclear.

Q4: Focus The summary should have a focus; sentences should only contain information that is related to the rest of the summary.

Q5: Structure and Coherence The summary should be well-structured and well-organized. The summary should not just be a heap of related information, but should build from sentence to sentence to a coherent body of information about a topic.

Table 2 shows the distribution of the scores across all the summaries, broken down by the type of summarizer (Human, Baseline, or Participants). As in DUC 2005, all summarizers generally performed well on the first two linguistic qualities. Participants scored higher on Focus in 2006 than in 2005, with the best systems achieving scores comparable to humans. As a group, participants' performance remained unchanged on referential clarity and structure and coherence, though the best individual participants do come close to human performance on these qualities.

Tables 3-7 show the results of multiple comparison of the automatic peers for each linguistic quality, with best peers on top; peers not sharing a common letter are significantly different at the 95.5% confidence level. An analysis using the non-parametric Friedman's test instead of ANOVA yields similar results.

3.2 Evaluation of Content

NIST performed manual pseudo-extrinsic evaluation of peer summaries in the form of assessment of responsiveness. Responsiveness is different from SEE coverage in that it does not compare a peer summary against a single reference; however, responsiveness tracked SEE coverage in DUC 2003 and 2004, and was used to provide a coarse-grained measure of content in 2005. NIST also computed ROUGE and BE scores as was done in DUC 2005.

3.2.1 Manual Responsiveness

NIST assessors assigned two types of responsiveness scores to each summary. The *content* responsiveness

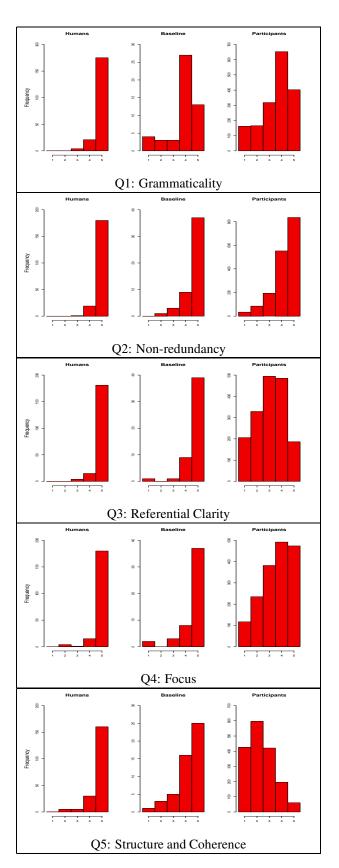


Table 2: Frequency of scores for each linguistic quality, broken down by source of summary (Humans, Baseline, Participants).

27	RunID	score		RunID	score	
22			A			A
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29	22	4.4200	A B C	23	3.8600	B C
28	18	4.4200	A B C	27	3.7200	BCD
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20	28	4.0800	ABCDE	24	3.4200	BCDEF
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25 3.2200 G H I J K L 32 2.8400 E F G H I 19 3.2200 G H I J K L 19 2.8000 E F G H I 33 3.1600 G H I J K L 25 2.7600 E F G H I J 10 3.1200 H I J K L 22 2.7600 E F G H I J 8 3.1000 I J K L 29 2.7200 F G H I J 6 3.0200 J K L 10 2.6400 G H I J 34 3.0200 J K L 20 2.4600 H I J K 12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K						
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33 3.1600 G H I J K L 25 2.7600 E F G H I J 10 3.1200 H I J K L 22 2.7600 E F G H I J 8 3.1000 I J K L 29 2.7200 F G H I J 6 3.0200 J K L 10 2.6400 G H I J 34 3.0200 J K L 20 2.4600 H I J K 12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K			GHIJKL	32	2.8400	EFGHI
10 3.1200 HIJKL 22 2.7600 EFGHIJ 8 3.1000 IJKL 29 2.7200 FGHIJ 6 3.0200 JKL 10 2.6400 GHIJ 34 3.0200 JKL 20 2.4600 HIJK 12 2.8400 KL 7 2.3800 IJK 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 JK						
8 3.1000 I J K L 29 2.7200 F G H I J 6 3.0200 J K L 10 2.6400 G H I J 34 3.0200 J K L 20 2.4600 H I J K 12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K			GHIJKL			EFGHIJ
6 3.0200 J K L 10 2.6400 G H I J 34 3.0200 J K L 20 2.4600 H I J K 12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K						EFGHIJ
34 3.0200 J K L 20 2.4600 H I J K 12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K			IJKL		2.7200	FGHIJ
12 2.8400 K L 7 2.3800 I J K 32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K					2.6400	GHIJ
32 2.7400 L 11 2.0600 J K						
				7	2.3800	IЈК
11 1.3800 M 26 1.9000 K					2.0600	J K
	11	1.3800	M	26	1.9000	K

Table 3: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of Q1: Grammaticality

Table 5: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of Q3: Referential Clarity

RunID	score		RunID	score	
35	4.6600	A	1	4.5600	A
1	4.6400	A B	27	4.2800	A B
26	4.5800	A B C	34	4.1200	ABC
30	4.5600	ABCD	24	3.9400	BCD
27	4.5000	ABCD	31	3.8600	BCDE
18	4.5000	ABCD	5	3.8400	BCDE
11	4.5000	ABCD	21	3.8200	BCDE
7	4.4800	ABCD	4	3.8000	BCDE
22	4.4600	ABCD	33	3.8000	BCDE
10	4.4200	ABCDE	23	3.8000	BCDE
34	4.4000	ABCDE	2	3.7800	BCDE
5	4.3600	ABCDEF	13	3.7800	BCDE
29	4.3600	ABCDEF	28	3.7400	BCDEF
17	4.3600	ABCDEF	15	3.7400	BCDEF
4	4.3400	ABCDEF	18	3.7200	BCDEF
3	4.3200	ABCDEF	22	3.6800	BCDEF
2	4.3000	ABCDEF	12	3.6600	CDEF
14	4.2600	ABCDEF	30	3.6200	CDEF
13	4.2400	ABCDEF	8	3.6000	CDEF
9	4.2000	ABCDEF	3	3.5800	CDEF
33	4.1800	ABCDEF	6	3.5200	CDEF
16	4.1200	ABCDEF	17	3.5200	CDEF
25	4.1000	ABCDEF	14	3.5200	CDEF
20	4.0800	ABCDEF	35	3.5000	DEF
23	4.0600	ABCDEF	16	3.4600	DEF
21	4.0400	BCDEF	25	3.4400	DEF
12	4.0200	CDEF	32	3.4200	DEF
24	4.0000	CDEF	9	3.3600	DEF
6	3.9800	CDEF	19	3.3600	DEF
19	3.9600	DEF	29	3.3400	DEF
8	3.8400	E F	20	3.3200	E F
28	3.8400	E F	10	3.3200	E F
15	3.8200	E F	7	3.1600	F
31	3.7800	F	26	2.5200	G
32	3.7600	F	11	2.5000	G

Table 4: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of Q2: Non-Redundancy

Table 6: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of Q4: Focus

RunID	score		
1	4.2200	A	
27	3.2800	В	
34	3.0800	вс	
18	2.8200	BCD	
24	2.8000	BCDE	
30	2.7800	BCDE	
13	2.7200	BCDEF	
23	2.6400	CDEFG	
22	2.6400	CDEFG	
21	2.5800	CDEFGH	
33	2.5600	CDEFGH	
5	2.5200	CDEFGH	
35	2.5000	CDEFGH	
31	2.5000	CDEFGH	
4	2.4800	DEFGH	
2	2.4800	DEFGH	
14	2.4200	DEFGHI	
3	2.3000	DEFGHIJ	
20	2.2800	DEFGHIJ	
28	2.2600	DEFGHIJ	
17	2.2600	DEFGHIJ	
29	2.2200	EFGHIJ	
25	2.2200	EFGHIJ	
15	2.1600	FGHIJ	
6	2.1400	FGHIJ	
16	2.1200	GHIJ	
9	2.1000	GHIJ	
7	2.0800	GHIJK	
8	2.0600	GHIJK	
19	2.0600	GHIJK	
12	2.0400	ніјк	
32	1.8400	IJК	
10	1.8000	J K	
26	1.5000	K L	

Table 7: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of Q5: Structure and Coherence

score indicated the amount of information in the summary that helped to satisfy the information need expressed in the topic statement. For content responsiveness, the linguistic quality of the summary was to play a role in the assessment only insofar as it interfered with the expression of information and reduced the amount of information that was conveyed. The overall responsiveness score was based on both information content and readability. Assessors judged overall responsiveness only after judging all their topics for readability and content responsiveness; however, they were not given direct access to these previously assigned scores, but were told to give their "gut" reaction to the overall responsiveness of each summary. Many assessors found it helpful to recast overall responsiveness as asking "How much money would I pay for this summary?" and judged accordingly. Poor readability in the automatic peers generally resulted in the average overall responsiveness for each peer being much lower than its average content responsiveness.

Table 8 shows the results of a multiple comparison of content responsiveness of the automatic peers, and Table 9 shows the same analysis on overall responsiveness. An analysis using Friedman's test yields similar results.

In a multiple comparison of all peers, all human peers were significantly better than all the automatic peers, in both content and overall responsiveness, and the humans were indistinguishable from one another. While the system with the highest average content and overall respon-

RunID score 3.0800 23 3.0000 10 12 24 2.9200 2.8800 14 2 8200 28 2.7800 2.7600 13 2,7000 2.6200 2.6000 32 2.6000 2.6000 2.5800 33 2.5800 2.5800 22 4 2.5600 A B C D E F A B C D E F 2.5400 20 7 A B C D E F G A B C D E F G 2.5200 2.5000 2.4800 B C D E F G B C D E F G 2.4400 2.4200 2.3800 C D E F G C D E F G 2.3600 2.3600 2.3400 25 18 C D E F G D E F G 2.3200 2.3000 2.2400 26 2.0600 1.6800

Table 8: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of content responsiveness

RunID	score							
27	2.8400	Α						
23	2.7600	Α	В					
31	2.6000	Α		C				
2	2.4600	Α	В	C	D			
24	2.4400	Α	В	C	D			
5	2.4200	Α	В	C	D	Ε		
28	2.4200	Α	В	C	D	Ε		
14	2.4200	Α	В	C	D	Ε		
6	2.3600	Α	В	C	D	Ε		
13	2.3600	Α	В	C	D	Ε		
33	2.2800		В	C	D	Ε		
20	2.2800		В	C	D	Ε		
34	2.2400		В	C	D	Ε		
3	2.2200		В	C	D	Ε	F	
30	2.2200		В	C	D	Ε	F	
12	2.2200		В	C	D	Ε	F	
35	2.2000			C	D	Ε	F	
4	2.1800			C	D	Ε	F	
10	2.1600			C	D	Ε	F	
9	2.1200			C	D	Ε	F	
22	2.1200			C	D	Ε	F	
7	2.0800			C	D	Ε	F	
32	2.0800			C	D	Ε	F	
29	2.0800			C	D	Ε	F	
21	2.0800			C	D	Ε	F	
25	2.0600			C	D	Ε	F	
15	2.0600			C	D	Ε	F	
1	2.0000				D	Ε	F	
19	1.9800				D	Ε	F	
18	1.9800				D	Ε	F	
16	1.9800				D	E	F	
8	1.9600				D	E	F	
17	1.8800					E	F	G
26	1.6800						F	G
11	1.3400							G

Table 9: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of overall responsiveness

siveness scores, System 27, is still not performing at human level, there are certain topics where its overall responsiveness is as high as the human scores. For topic D0641E, for example, the system is given an overall responsiveness score of 5 (very good) and a content score of 3 (barely acceptable) for the following summary:

"The dominant view is that the surface warming is at least partly attributable to emissions of heat-trapping waste industrial gases like carbon dioxide, a product of the burning of fossil fuels like coal, oil and natural gas. On that issue, and on the remaining big question of how the climate might change in the future, skeptics continue to differ sharply with the dominant view among climate experts. To them, the observed surface warming of about 1 degree over the last century_with an especially sharp rise in the last quarter century_is mostly or wholly natural, and there is no significant human influence on global climate. The West Antarctic Ice Sheet first attracted widespread attention 30 years ago when scientists suggested that global warming caused by greenhouse gases might cause its disintegration. Last year, scientists declared 1997 the warmest year on record, and the fact that nine of the past 11 years set new records for warm temperatures bolstered the view that greenhouse emissions were raising the average temperature. Over time, these increases could cause changes in climate, including the increased frequency and intensity of storms, floods, heat waves, and droughts, the scientists said. A U.N. scientific panel has predicted that unless these greenhouse gas emissions are reduced, the earth's average surface temperature will rise by some 2 to 6 degrees Fahrenheit over the next century, with a best estimate of about 3.5 degrees, compared with a rise of 5 to 9 degrees since the depths of the last ice age 18,000"

While poor readability can certainly downgrade the overall responsiveness of a summary that has very good content responsiveness, the example shows that very good readability can sometimes bolster the overall responsiveness score of a less information-laden summary.

3.2.2 Automatic ROUGE/BE

NIST computed three "official" automatic scores: ROUGE-2, ROUGE-SU4, and BE-HM recall. For the BE evaluation, summaries were parsed with Minipar, and BE-F were extracted and matched using the Head-Modifier criterion. Each automatic score was computed using stemming and implementing jackknifing for each [peer, topic] pair so that human and automatic peers could be compared. The per-topic recall was computed for each peer, and this per-topic recall was used as the dependent variable in an analysis of variance. Tables 10-12 show the results of multiple comparison of systems based on the automatic scores.

```
24
12
       0 0899
23
       0.0879
               ABC
       0.0871
       0.0870
               ABC
       0.0868
               ABC
       0.0845
               ABCD
       0.0841
       0.0827
       0.0809
                 BCDEE
       0.0809
       0.0805
       0 0799
                 BCDEFG
       0.0792
       0.0780
       0.0774
                 BCDEFGHIJ
       0.0764
       0.0754
       0.0748
                   CDEFGHIJK
       0 0703
                       EFGHIJK
       0.0695
                       EFGHIJK
       0.0667
       0.0663
       0.0659
       0.0650
       0.0645
       0.0626
       0.0516
       0.0495
```

Table 10: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of ROUGE-2 score

```
RunID
        score
24
        0 1547
        0 1452
                  A B C
A B C
33
        0.1449
        0.1438
        0.1417
        0 1413
        0.1402
        0.1391
        0.1374
                    BCDEF
        0.1372
                    BCDEF
        0.1360
        0 1359
                    BCDEFG
        0.1359
                    BCDEFG
                      C D E F G H I
D E F G H I J
        0 1332
        0.1316
        0 1291
                          EFGHIJ
        0.1290
        0.1252
        0.1248
                              GHIJK
        0.1239
        0.1238
        0.1229
        0.1226
        0.1223
        0.1199
        0 1150
        0.1081
        0.1045
        0 0979
```

Table 11: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of ROUGE-SU4

RunID	score											
24	0.0508	А										
23	0.0505	A										
28	0.0476	A	В									
2	0.0471	Α	В									
12	0.0471	Α	В									
8	0.0464	Α	В	C								
15	0.0458	Α	В	C	D							
31	0.0456	Α	В	C	D							
10	0.0437	Α	В	C	D	Ε						
6	0.0436	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
27	0.0419	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
13	0.0415	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
32	0.0413	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
5	0.0410	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
4	0.0410	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
3	0.0407	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F					
33	0.0389	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F	G				
9	0.0385		В	C	D	Ε	F	G				
22	0.0373		В	C	D	Ε	F	G				
14	0.0363		В	C	D	E	F	G	H			
19 25	0.0350			C	D	_	F	G	Н	_		
30	0.0348			C	D D	E	F	G	Н	I		
21	0.0344				D	E	F	G	Н	I		
20	0.0341				ח	E	F	G	Н	I		
29	0.0341				ט	E	F	G	Н	I		
16	0.0328					Ŀ	F	G	Н	I		
18	0.0318						г	G	Н	I	J	
7	0.0285							G	Н	I	J	
34	0.0284							G	Н	I	J	
35	0.0253							G	Н	I	J	
26	0.0230									Ī	J	
1	0.0194									_	J	
17	0.0046										-	K
11	0.0046											K

Table 12: Multiple comparison of systems based on ANOVA of BE-HM

3.3 Correlation

Figure 1 plots the average content responsiveness score with average ROUGE-SU4 score for all peers; as seen in the graph, the peers form two clusters, with the humans clumped on the upper right side of the graph, and the automatic peers spread out on the lower left side. The manual content responsiveness metric (x-axis) clearly separates the humans from the automatic peers, while the difference between the humans and automatic peers is quite small based on the automatic metric (y-axis). ROUGE-2 and BE-HM yield similar graphs.

Table 13 shows the correlation between average content responsiveness and the other measures involving content, computed over only the automatic peers. Both Spearman's rank correlation rho and Pearson's product-moment correlation (with 95% confidence intervals) are shown.

Metric	Spearman	Pearson
overall responsiveness	0.718	0.833 [0.720, 1.000]
ROUGE-2	0.767	0.836 [0.725, 1.000]
ROUGE-SU4	0.790	0.850 [0.746, 1.000]
BE-HM	0.797	0.782 [0.641, 1.000]

Table 13: Correlation between average content responsiveness and overall responsiveness, average ROUGE-2/ROUGE-SU4 recall, and average BE-HM recall over all automatic peers.

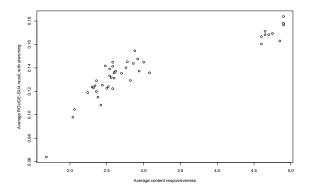


Figure 1: Average content responsiveness vs. average ROUGE-SU4 recall with stemming

The Pearson correlation between BE and content responsiveness is low because the BEs depend on linguistic pre-processing, and any brittleness in a pre-processor can prevent BEs from being extracted from a summary. System 17, for example, has extremely low BE scores even though it has relatively better scores under the other measures of content, because most of its summaries are slightly ungrammatical (based on human standards): Punctuation marks are presented as a separate token instead of being attached to the previous word; this prevents the sentence segmenter from segmenting the summary into sentences, and the parser from generating a bracketing from which BEs can be extracted.

4 Discussion

To be undertaken at DUC 2006 Workshop.

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